Subject index

Acanthostomella 188
Alaskan Gyre 138
ammonium concentration
  cycling 4-5
  modelling studies 33-5, 43-5, 50
aragonite 329-30
autotrophs
  community structure 86-91
  doubling rate 86, 92-3
  relation to heterotrophs 86, 93-4
  total biomass 81-5

Bacillariophyceae 66
bacterial photosynthesis 9
biomass
  autotrophic 81-5
  heterotrophic 85
  measurement 62-3
Bodonidae
  distribution 67
  identification 62

Calanus pacificus 168
calcite 329-30
calcium carbonate 329-30
carbon dioxide ocean/atmosphere exchange
  mathematical modelling 321-2
  model physicochemical boundary features
    freshwater balance 324
    heat flux uncertainties 326
    latent heat 324
    radiation 325
    sensible heat 322
  model physicochemical dynamics
    carbonate buffering 329-30
    halocline 333-6
    horizontal advection 331-3
    organic carbon and nutrients 328-9
    surface mixed layer 320-1
    upwelling 331
  model results
    chemical data 339-44
    physical data 336-9
  model results reviewed 344-5
carbonate buffering 329-30
Ceratium spp. 69, 79
Chlorella
  distribution 66
  identification 62
Choanoflagellida
  distribution 67
  identification 62
Chrysochromulina 69
Chrysophyceae 66
ciliates 73, 80, 229
  identification 62
Coccolithophriods
  distribution 69
  identification 62
Codonellopsis 188
copepod development
  methods of study 296-7
  results
    abundance 297
    body chemistry 301-7
    progress of development 297-301
  results discussed
    size of body 308-9
    timing of development 308
  stages defined 295-6
  studies of mortality 309-15
copepod distribution studies
  behavior 260-1
  development 265-6

distribution assessment methods
processing 261
sampling 261-2
results
daily migration 273-4
depth distribution 266-8
effect of mixing regime 274-8
relation to water column structure 268
results discussed
light effect 278-80
niche recognition 280
salinity effect 280
temperature effect 280
results discussed
microplankton influence 284
turbulence effect 285-91
copepod grazing studies
behavior 9
methods
ingestion measurement 165-7
stock measurement 164-5
results
fecal pellet analysis 177-8
grazing rate 178-9
gut pigment analysis 168-73
incubation analysis 173-7
species distribution 167-8
results discussed 180-1
see also Neocalanus

Corethron spp. 88
C. hystrix 69
cryptomonads 70, 80
Cryptophyceae
distribution 66
identification 62
Cyclosalpa bakeri 9

depth
effect on ciliates 190-1, 199
effect on copepods 266-8
effect on nutrients of 141-2
effect on plankton distribution 47-8, 72-81
effect on primary production 115-17, 127-35
diatoms
distribution 66, 69
identification 62
Dictyocha 69
Didinium 229
diel variations
copepod migration 273-4
copepod predators 260
planktonic ciliates 191
dinoflagellates 73, 80, 229
identification 62
Dinophyceae 67
Dolichomastix spp. 69
doubling rates 86, 92-3

El Niño effects 94
Emiliana huxleyi 69
epifluorescence microscopy 60
Eucalanus bungii
development 295-6
distribution 168, 260
diel migration 273-4
relation to water column structure 268
response to light 278-80
salinity effect 280
seasonal variation 265-6
temperature effect 280
turbulence effect 285-91
vertical variation 266-8, 274-8
feeding 172
evaporation measurements 324

f ratio 43
flagellates 73, 80
Foraminifera 71, 73
fresh water balance 324
fucoxanthin-containing cells 8

gaseous exchange *see* carbon dioxide
grazing balance *see* microzooplankton grazing balance
grazing impact, planktonic ciliates 191-7, 200
grazing rate 178-9
grazing studies
Major Grazer Hypothesis 2
Mixing and Micrograzer Hypothesis 3-4
growth rates

phytoplankton 3
methods of measurement 208
results
incubation results 209-10
net growth 213-14
time dependency effects 210-11
protozoans 3
Gyrodinium 229
Halosphaera 69
heat flux
latent 324
sensible 322
uncertainties 326
heterotrophs
relation to autotrophs 86, 93-4
total biomass 85
hydrography 138

ingestion experiments
methods 165-7
results
Eucalanus 172
Metridia 172, 173
Neocalanus 168-72
Pseudocalanus 172
iron 219, 220
phytoplankton growth 4, 5, 7-8
testing experiments 18
irradiance effects 6, 105-6, 108-15

Laboea spp. 71, 73, 188
Lacrymaria 229
Leprotintinnus 188
light intesity effect on copepods 278-80
light microscopy 62
lipid accumulation in *Neocalanus* spp. 301-7

Major Grazer Hypothesis 2
Mantoniella spp. 69
mathematical modelling
Neocalanus mortality 309-15
see also carbon dioxide ocean/atmosphere exchange; plankton standing stock
mesozooplankton *see Neocalanus*
Metridia lucens 168, 172, 301
micrograzers 3
Micromonas pusila 79
microplankton
defined 225
effect on copepod distribution 284
microscope techniques 60-2
microzooplankton *see* planktonic ciliates
microzooplankton grazing balance 206
abundance studies
methods of sampling 186-7
results
depth variation 190-1
grazing impact 191-7
physicochemical environment 187
species distribution 187-8
standing stock 188-9
results discussed
depth variation 199
grazing impact 200
size structure 198
species distribution 197-8
time dependency studies
analytical methods 207-8
results
incubation 209-10
net growth rate 213-14
saturation feeding 212
time effects on incubation 210-11
results discussed
experimental limitations 215-16
grazing balance interpreted 216-20
Mixing and Micrograzer Hypothesis 3-4
mortality studies in *Neocalanus* spp. 309-15

Nanochloris
distribution 66
identification 62
nanoplankton defined 225
Neocalanus spp.
development
methods of study 296-7
results
abundance 297
body chemistry 301-7
progress of development 297-301
results discussed
size of body 308-9
timing of development 308

stages defined 295-6
studies of mortality 309-15
distribution 9-10, 168
diel migration 273-4
relation to water column structure 268
response to light 278-80
salinity effect 280
seasonal variation 265-6
temperature effect 280
turbulence effect 285-91
vertical variation 266-8, 274-8
feeding studies
methods 165-7, 226-9
results 229-30
grazing rate 178-9
gut pigment study 168-72
incubation study 173
results discussed 231-4
grazing and food web relations 240
methods of study
incubations 241-2
sampling regime 242-3
timing 240-1
results
chlorophyll 244
N cycling 250-2
particulate nitrogen 244
production rates 247-50
protozoan distribution 245
results discussed
direct grazing effects 252-4
indirect grazing effects 254-5
life cycle 2, 224
nutritional requirements 224-6
population size 3
net oxygen production 7
nitrate concentration 33-5, 43-5, 50, 187
methods of study 139-41
results
assimilation rates 150-1
depth variation 141-2
horizontal advection 147
overall budget 151-2
particulate nitrogen effects 147
seasonal variations 138
time effects 143-6
results discussed
assimilation data 154-5
budgeting 153-4, 157
distribution 152-3
new production regulation 158-9
particulate nitrogen effects 155-6
nitrogen
budgeting 10-11
recycling 4-5
Nitzschia cylindroformis 8, 69, 79, 87, 90
nutrient studies *see* nitrate; phosphate; silicate

Oithona spp. 168
organic carbon export 328-9

Parafavella 188
particulate organic nitrogen (PON) 5
pelagic production studies 8-10
Pelagococcus subviridis 69, 90
Phaeocystis pouchetii 79, 89, 90
distribution 69, 89
identification 62
phosphate concentration
methods of study 139-40
results
depth effects 141-2
time effects 143-6
results discussed 152-3
photosynthesis relation to irradiance 105-6, 108-15
phytoplankton blooms
absence of 18, 102
expected cycles 2
phytoplankton growth rate
measurement methods 208
results
incubation 209-10
net growth rates 213-14
time dependency effects 210-11
results discussed 215-16
plankton community analysis
definitions 59
methods
biomass calculations 62-3
identification techniques 62
microscopy 60-2
sampling 59-60

statistical analysis 63
results
autotroph:heterotroph 86
biomass variation 81-5
C:chl a 86
counts 63-5
depth/time distribution 72-81
doubling rate 86
species distributions 65-71
results discussed
autotroph:heterotroph 93-4
community structure 86-91
doubling rate 92
time effects 94
plankton standing stock modelling
introduction 18-19
methods 19-26
model implementation 30-1
parameterization 26-30
results
cyclical patterns 39-43
data fit 31-5
mortality effects 46-7
nitrogen limitation 43-5
nutrient variablity 43
sensitivity 35-8
vertical variation 47-8
results discussed 48-53
planktonic ciliates
methods of sampling 186-7
results
depth variation 190-1
grazing impact 191-7
physicochemical environment 187
species distribution 187-8
standing stock 188-9
results discussed
depth variation 199
grazing impact 200
size structure 198
species distribution 197-8
Prasinophyceae
distribution 65, 66, 69
identification 62
precipitation measurements 324
predation studies in plankton 46
primary production
interpretation 102-3
methods of measurement
^{14}C technique 103-5
light measurement 105
P/I realtions 105-6
results
depth effects 115-17
P/I factors 108-15
rates recorded 106-7
size effects 118
results discussed 118-23
seasonal variations 138
production studies
export production defined 138
new production defined 138
Protoperidinium 229
Protozoa
role in food webs 225
role in *Neocalanus* feeding
methods of study 226-9
results 229
results discussed 231-4
Prymnesiophyceae 62, 67
Pseudocalanus spp. 168, 172
Ptychocylis 188

radiative heat flux 325
radiolaria 71, 73, 229

salinity studies 187. 280
scanning electron microscopy 62
seasonality
effect on ciliates 190-1
effect on nutrient concentrations 138, 143-6
plankton stock 39-43, 72-81
primary production 138
seawater dilution studies 207
silicate concentration
methods of study 139-40
results
depth effects 141-2
time effects 143-6
results discussed 152-3
size effects on primary production 118
solar radiation levels 187
Steenstrupiella 188

Strombidiidae 67
Strombidium 188
Subarctic Pacific
  hydrography 138, 265
  light intensity 187
  research summary 8-9
  salinity 187
  temperature 187
SUPER program
  aims 2
  background 1-2
Synechococcus spp. 9, 72, 73, 79, 87, 90
  distribution 64, 65
  identification 62
temperature effects 187, 280
Thalassiothrix longissima 69
Tintinnids 71, 73, 188
Tontonia 188
transmission electron microscopy 62
turbulence effect on copepods 285-91

upwelling rate 331

wind speed effect on copepods 289

zooplankton studies *see* copepod